

# AQA Computer Science GCSE

## 3.7.1 Relational Databases

### Flashcards

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# What is a database?



# What is a database?

A structured collection of data that can be stored, searched, and updated.



# What is a table in a database?



# What is a table in a database?

A structure that holds related data in rows and columns, like a spreadsheet.



# What is a record?



# What is a record?

A row in a table - represents one complete set of data about a single item.



# What is a field?



# What is a field?

A column in a table – stores one type of data (e.g. name, ID).



# What is a primary key?



# What is a primary key?

A field that uniquely identifies each record in a table.



# What is a foreign key?



# What is a foreign key?

A field in one table that links to a primary key in another table.



# Why are primary keys important?



# Why are primary keys important?

They ensure each record is unique and help link tables.



# What is a relational database?



# What is a relational database?

A database with multiple related tables that are linked together using keys.



Name two advantages of relational databases.



Name two advantages of relational databases.

Eliminates data inconsistency and data redundancy.



# What does a foreign key help with?



# What does a foreign key help with?

## Creating a relationship between tables.



Can a table have more than  
one foreign key?



Can a table have more than one foreign key?

Yes - it can link to multiple other tables.



True or false: a primary key  
can only ever be formed from  
one field type.



True or false: a primary key can only ever be formed from one field type.

False - it is possible to combine field types to form what is called a composite primary key.

